

1.32 Calculate the power absorbed by each element in the circuit in Fig. P1.32.

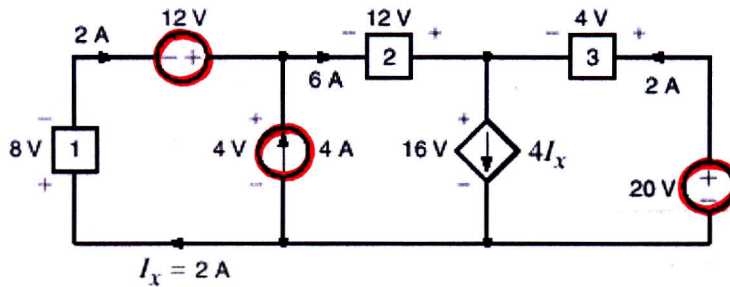


Figure P1.32

**SOLUTION:**

$$P_{12V} = -12(2) = -24 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{12V} = 24 \text{ W supplied}$$

$$P_{4A} = 4(-4) = -16 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{4A} = 16 \text{ W supplied}$$

$$P_2 = -12(6) = -72 \text{ W}$$

$$P_2 = 72 \text{ W supplied}$$

$$P_3 = 4(2) = 8 \text{ W absorbed}$$

$$P_{20V} = -20(2) = -40 \text{ W}$$

$$P_{20V} = 40 \text{ W supplied}$$

$$P_1 = 8(2) = 16 \text{ W absorbed}$$

$$\text{KCL: } 6 + 2 = 4I_x$$

$$I_x = 2 \text{ A}$$

$$P_{4I_x} = 4I_x (16)$$

$$P_{4I_x} = 4(2)(16)$$

$$P_{4I_x} = 128 \text{ W absorbed}$$